

Bystryakov, Yu. K.
BYSTRYAKOV, Yu.K., inzh.

Some shortcomings of central control of power systems. Elek.sta.
29 no.1:8-10 Ja '58. (MIRA 11:2)
(Electric power distribution)

KONYAKHINA, M.A.: ANDREYEVA, V.I.: BYSTRYAKOVA, L.V., KUSHINOVA, G.A.:
SHIRNOVA, A.I.

Clinical characteristics of dysentery in young children. *Pediatrics*
no.2:Mr-Apr '55. (MLRA 8:8)

1. Iz kafedry infetskonnykh bolezney u detey (zav.-prof. M.G. Dani-
levich) Leningradskogo pediatricheskogo meditsinskogo instituta
(dir.-prof. N.T. Shutova) i Detskoy infektsionnoy bol'nitsy Lenin-
skogo rayona (glavnyy vrach A.M. Belyayeva)
(DYSENTERY, BACILLARY, in infant and child)

SMORODINTSEV, A.A.; BOYCHUK, L.M.; SHIKINA, Ye.S.; MESHALOVA, V.N.;
LUGININA, N.M.; BYSTRYAKOVA, L.V.; PETROVA, M.N.

Reactogenic and immunogenic properties of live tissue measles
vaccine. Trudy Len.inst.epid.i mikrobiol. 19:3-20 '59.

(MIRA 16:2)

1. Iz virusologicheskoy laboratorii (rukovoditel' - chlen-
korrespondent AMN SSSR prof. A.A. Smorodintsev) Leningradskogo
instituta epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i gigiyeny imeni Pastera.
(MEASLES—PREVENTIVE INOCULATION) (VACCINES)

SMORODINTSEV, A.A.; BOICHUK, L.M.; SHIKINA, E.S.; BATANOVA, T.B.;
(BYSTRYAKOVA, L.V.; PERADZE, T.V.

Clinical and immunological response to live tissue culture vaccine
against measles. Acta virol. Engl. Ed. Praha 4 no.4:201-204 J1'60.

1. Virological Laboratory, The Pasteur Institute of Epidemiology,
Microbiology and Hygiene, Leningrad; The Leningrad Scientific
Research Institute of Pediatrics; and the Children's Infections
Clinic of the Medical Pediatric Institute, Leningrad, U.S.S.R.
(MEASLES immunol)

BYSTRYAKOVA, L.V.

Microflora of the upper respiratory tract in measles patients.
Pediatriia 38 no. 3:27-31 Mr '60. (MIRA 14:1)
(MEASLES) (RESPIRATORY ORGANS—MICROBIOLOGY)

BYSTRYAKOVA, L.V.

Clinical characteristics of measles in infants. *Pediatrics* 38
no.6:66-71 Je '60. (MIRA 13:12)
(MEASLES) (INFANTS--DISEASES)

BYSTRYAKOVA, L. V., Cand Med Sci -- "^{and}Clinical bacteriological
characteristic^s of measles in ^{young}children ~~of early age~~." Len,
1961. (Min of Health RSFSR. Len San-Hyg Med Inst) (KL, 8-61,
259)

- 438 -

SMORODINTSEV, A.A.; BOYCHUK, L.M.; SHIKINA, Ye.S.; BYSTRYAKOVA, L.V.;
PERADZE, T.V.

State of immunity in children vaccinated with a live vaccine
against measles. Trudy Len.inst.epid.i mikrobiol. 22:7-20
'61. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Virusologicheskaya laboratoriya Leningradskogo instituta
epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i gigieny imeni Pastera.
(MEASLES—PREVENTIVE INOCULATION) (IMMUNITY)

BESTRYAKOVA, L.V.; BATANOVA, T.V.

Characteristics of clinical reactions in children vaccinated
with a live measles vaccine. Trudy Len.inst.epid.i mikrobiol.
22:21-31 '61. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Leningradskiy meditsinskiy pediatricheskiy institut (dir. -
Ye.P. Semenova), Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy pediatricheskiy insti-
tut (dir. L.P. Kutina) i Leningradskiy institut epidemiologii,
mikrobiologii i gigiyeny imeni Pastera (dir. M.Ya. Nikitin).
(MEASLES—PREVENTIVE INOCULATION)

SMORODINTSEV, A.A.; BOYCHUK, L.M.; SHIKINA, Ye.S.; BYSTRYAKOVA, L.V.;
PERADZE, T.V.

State of immunity in children vaccinated with live vaccine against
measles. Vop. virus. 7 no. 1:59-67 Ja-F '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Virusologicheskaya laboratoriya Leningradskogo instituta
epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i gigiyeny imeni L. Pastera.
(MEASLES)

MOROZENKO, M.A.; BARYSHEVA, A.E.; TIMOFEYeva, G.A.; BYSTRYAKOVA, L.V.;
KALINNIKOVA, O.N.

Diagnostic value of the complement fixation reaction in viral
respiratory infections of infants. Acta virol. (Praha)[Eng] 7
no.6:534-541 '63.

1. Institute of Experimental Medicine, U.S.S.R. Academy of
Medical Sciences, and The Leningrad Institute of Pediatrics,
Leningrad U.S.S.R.

(COMPLEMENT FIXATION TESTS)

(RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTIONS)

(INFLUENZA) (MYXOVIRUS INFECTIONS)

(ADENOVIRUS INFECTIONS) (ECHO VIRUSES)

(COXSACKIE VIRUS INFECTIONS)

KOSLOV, V.K., inst., nauchn. rec.; BYSTROVSKAYA, N.A., rec.

[Improving the engineering standard and lowering the cost
of building dams and river hydroelectric power stations]
Povyshenie tekhnicheskogo urovnya i snizhenie stoimosti
stroitel'stva plotin i rechnykh gidrouzlov. Moskva, Stroi-
izdat, 1964. 158 p. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Nauchno-tekhnicheskoye obshchestvo stroitel'noy industrii
SSSR.

TSYTOVICH, Nikolay Aleksandrovich, prof., zasl. deyatel' nauki i
tekhniki; EYSTROVSKAYA, N.A., red.; SHERSTNEVA, N.V., tekhn.
red.

[Soil mechanics] Mekhanika gruntov. Izd.4., perer. i dop.
Moskva, Gosstroizdat, 1963. 636 p. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for TSytovich).

ZENGER, Nikolay Nikolayevich; BYSTROVSKAYA, N.A., red.; YAKHONTOVA,
T.D., tekhn. red.

[Characteristics of the construction of water pipes under
the conditions of permafrost; practices used in Noril'sk]
Osobennosti ustroistva vodoprovodov v usloviakh vечноi
merzloty; opyt Noril'ska. Moskva, Stroiizdat, 1964. 97 p.
(MIRA 17:3)

L 18195-63 EWT(1)/EWP(q)/EWT(m)/BDS AFFTC/ASD/ESD-3 JD
 ACCESSION NR: AP3005593 S/0074/63/032/008/0948/0966 62

AUTHORS: Boldyrev, V. V.; Bystrykh, L. I.

TITLE: Chemical action of ionizing radiations on inorganic crystals 18

SOURCE: Uspekhi khimii, v. 32, no. 8, 1963, 948-966

TOPIC TAGS: Ionizing radiation, crystals, topochemical reactions

ABSTRACT: Information on the chemical changes taking place in ion crystals is extracted from the extensive literature on the reactions of solids to ionizing radiations. Topics covered are: the effect of heat, light, and ionizing radiations; experimental irradiation methods; methods of studying the chemical changes produced by the irradiation of solids; chemical changes in inorganic ion crystals exposed to irradiation; and the effect of prior irradiation on the rate of topochemical reactions in solids.

ACCESSION NR: AP3005593

ASSOCIATION: Tomskiy politekhnicheskii in-t im. S. M. Kirova (Tomsk Polytechnical Institute); Tomskiy gos. universitet im. V. V. Kuybysheva (Tomsk State University)

SUBMITTED: 00	DATE ACQ: 28 Aug 63	ENCL: 60
SUB CODE: CH, PH	NO REF SOV: 055	OTHER: 117
Card 1/1		

BOLDYREV, V.V.; BYSTRYKH, L.I.

Chemical action of ionizing radiations on inorganic crystals.
Usp.khim. 32 no.8:948-966 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Tomskiy politekhnicheskii institut imeni Kirova i Tomskiy
gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Kuybysheva.

BYSTRYKH, P., podpolkovnik

Tactical and fire coordination. Voen. vest. 40 no. 3:84-86
Mr '61. (MIRA 14:2)
(Artillery)

BYSTRYKH, P., podpolkovnik

What experience teaches. Voen. vest. 41 no.9:87 S '61.

(MIRA 15:1)

(Night fighting (Military science)) (Antiaircraft artillery)

BYSTRYKIN, B.L.

Prolonging the sound impulse. Avtom., telem. i svyaz' no. 6:30-31
Je '57. (MIRA 10:7)

1. Starshiy elektromekhanik Moskovskoy distantzii signalizatsii
i svyazi Moskovsko-Ryazanskoy dorogi.
(Railroads--Signaling)

BYSTRYUKOVA, O.V., inzh.; SEMENOVA, Y.P., inzh.; SPERANSKIY, A.N.,
red.; SOSINA, A.L., tekhn. red.

[Collection of inventions; ~~manufacture of equipment for~~
chemical industries] Sbornik izobretenii; ~~khimicheskoe~~ ma-
shinostroenie. Moskva, TSentr. biuro tekhn.informatsii, 1961.
178 p. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Komitet po delam izobretenii i ot-
krytii.

(Chemical engineering--Equipment and supplies)

BYSTRYY, N. F.

11B

Isolation of root-nodule bacteria from soil by the chemotactic method. N. F. Bystryi. Microbiology (U. S. S. R.) 10, 247 8 (in English, 240) (1941). -- Five to 10 times more nodule bacteria can be isolated from soil when crystal violet is used in the chemotactic method. The medium (Esch's(?)) and crystal violet soln. (1:80,000) are taken up in the capillary of a pipet, in distinction from Konishi's method in which a Petri dish is used. The end of the capillary is sealed and broken off at the base, then dropped into a soil emulsion 1:1000 for 2-12 hrs. at 15-18°. Then Petri dishes with Esch's(?) agar are inoculated with the contents of the capillary and examd. on the 5th day.

1. Lamm.

ASM-514 METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

BYSTRYY, N. F., ABASHIDZE, N. A. and BAKHTADZE, T. K.

"The Utilization of **Meat** Hydrolysates in the Production of a Bacteriophage",
Works of the Tbilisi Scientific-Research Institute of Microbiology, Epidemiology, and
Bacteriophages, Vol. 2, pp 103-106, 1950.

Country : USSR
Category: Virology. Bacterial Viruses (Phages)

E

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 23, 1958, No 105405.

Author : ~~Bystrov, N. F.~~; Togoladze, Z. D.; Soboleva, V. A.
Inst : -
Title : Methods of Preparing Dry Lyophilic Bacteriophage.

Orig Pub: Sb. Bakteriofagiya. Tbilisi. Gruzmedgiz, 1957,
145-154.

Abstract: Dysentery phages prepared on Martin's or Hottinger's bouillon and desiccated by the lyophilic method in a Dolinov collector apparatus maintain their activity well for over two years. The dry preparation obtained is readily soluble in water. For the purpose of improving the taste qualities of the phage it was suggested that it be prepared on synthetic medium (the

Card : 1/2

Country : USSR

E

Category: Virology. Bacterial Viruses (Phages)

Abstr Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 23, 1958, No 103435

composition of the medium is presented). Drying of the phage in a chamber desiccator at -35° - -40° made it possible to obtain a dry mass with good physical properties; with this method of drying the phage titer did not decrease. -- Ya. I. Rautenshteyn.

Card : 2/2

Country : USSR

E

Category: Virology. Bacterial Viruses (Phages)

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 23, 1958, No 103516

Author : Bystryy, N.F.; Soboleva, V. A.

Inst :

Title : The Characteristics of Wound Aerobic Phages

Orig Pub: Sb. Bakteriofagiya. Tbilisi, Gruznedgiz, 1957,
379-385

Abstract: From sewage and material taken from the pharynx
of patients with scarlet fever and from the pus
of patients phages for streptococci and staphylococci
were isolated. After several passages the staphylo-
coccic phages showed not only an increase in titer
but also an expansion of the spectrum of lytic action.

Card : 1/2

Country : USSR

E

Category: Virology. Bacterial Viruses (Phages)

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 23, 1958, No 103516

Phagolysates subjected to lyophilic desiccation in a chamber apparatus at -18 to -20° for 16-18 hours with subsequent drying at room temperature in a vacuum for 14-16 hours showed a reduction in titer by two or three degrees. -- Ya. I. Reutenshteyn.

Card : 2/2

49

BYSTRZANOWSKA

BYSTRZANOWSKA, T.; KMITA, S.

~~XXXXXXXXXXXX~~
Modern view on the physiology of hearing. Polski tygod.lek. 5 no.47-
48: 1662-1677 27 Nov 50. (CLML 20:6)

1. Of the Otolaryngological Clinic of Lodz Medical Academy (Director
Prof. H.Lewenfisz).

BYSTRZANOWSKA, T.

Therapeutic results in laryngeal tuberculosis. Gruzlica, Warszawa
18 no.2:236-246 Apr-June 1950. (CML 20:7)

1. Of Chojna Municipal Hospital--Sanatorium (Director--M. Zierski
M.D.) and of the Municipal Pediatric Sanatorium in Legiewniki
(Director--A. Margolisowa, M.D.) and of the Tuberculosis Consul-
tation Center in Lodz (Director--J. Szustrowa, M.D.).

EYSTRZANOWSKA, T.;EMITA, S.

Modern concepts of physiology of taste and smell. Polski tygod.
lek, 6 no. 37:1192-1198 10 Sept. 1951. (CLML 21:3)

1. Of the Otolaryngological Clinic (Director--Prof. Henryk
Lewenfisz, M. D.) of Lodz Medical Academy.

BYSTRZANOWSKA, T., doc. dr.

Organization of medical visiting service in rural areas. Zdrowie
pub., Warsz. no.5:416-419 Sept-Oct 54.

1. Przewodniczaca Komisji Iacznosci ze wsia przy Panstwowym Szpitalu
Klinicznym w Warszawie.

(PUBLIC HEALTH,

in Poland, visiting med. serv. in rural areas)

(RURAL CONDITIONS,

in Poland, visiting med. serv.)

BYSTRZAIOWSKA, Teofila,

Early diagnosis of neoplasms of the respiratory tracts. Wiadomosci
lek. 8 no.5:119-208 May '55.

1. Klinika Otolaryngologiczna A.M. w Warszawie.
(RESPIRATORY TRACT, neoplasms
diag. early)

BYSTRZANOWSKA, Teofila

Review of indications for tonsillectomy. Otolar. polska 10 no.
3-4:351-367 1956.

1. Z Kliniki Otolaryngologicznej A.M. w Warszawie Kierownik:
prof. dr. H. Lewenfisz, W-wa, Okopowa 7a.
(TONSILS, surgery,
indic. (Pol))

0-15142-10005K19.7
BYSTRZANOWSKA, Teofila

~~SECRET~~
Data on cancer of the larynx; analysis of the cases at the Laryngological
Clinic of the Medical Academy in Warsaw. Otolar. polska 11 no.4:351-
356 1957.

1. Z Kliniki Laryngologicznej A. M. w Warszawie p. o. kierownik:
doc. Cichocka-Szumilin.

(LARYNX, neoplasms
statist. (Pol.))

BYSTRZANOWSKA, Teofila

~~Wydawnictwo Lekarskie PZWL, Warszawa~~

Treatment of cicatricial stenosis of the larynx. Otolaryngologia 12 no.1:
47-52 1958.

1. Z Kliniki Laryngologicznej A. M. w Warszawie p.o. Kierownika: doc.
dr I. Cichońska-Szumilińska.

(LARYNX, stenosis

cicatricial, enlargement by dilat. & plastic surg. (Pol))

BYSTRZANOWSKA, Teofila; LESZCZYNSKI, Stanislaw; SZNAJDERMAN, Marek.

Case report of bronchial foreign body. Polski tygod. lek. 13 no.26:
1006-1009 30 June 58.

1. (Z Kliniki Laryngologicznej, p.o. kierownika: doc. dr med. I. Cichocka-Szumilin, z Zakladu Radiologii Lekarskiej, kierownik: prof. dr nauk med. W. Zawadowski i z II Kliniki Chorob Wewnetrznych A. M. w Warszawie, kierownik: prof. dr med. D. Aleksandrow). Klin. Laryng. A.M. W-wa, ul. Nowogrodzka 59.

(BRONCHI. foreign bodies
of 7 years duration, case report (Pol))

BYSTRZANOWSKA, Teofila; KUS, Jan; OSUCH, Tadeusz; WOJNAROWSKA, Wanda

Effect of certain infectious diseases on the auditory system.
Otolaryng. polska 14 no.3:329-334 '60.

1. Z Kliniki Laryngologicznej A.M. w Warszawie, Kierownik: prof.
dr med. J.Szymanski; Z II Kliniki Chorob Zakaznych A.M. w
Warszawie, Kierownik: prof. dr med. B.Kassur i z Zakladu Laryn-
gologii S.D.L., Kierownik: doc. dr med. T.Bystrzanowska.
(COMMUNICABLE DISEASES compl)
(DEAFNESS etiol)

BYSTRZANOWSKA, T.; KUS, J.; OSUCH, T.; WOJNAROWSKA, W.

On the effect of certain infectious diseases on the organ of hearing. Otolaryng. polska 14 no.4:443-454 '60.

(COMMUNICABLE DISEASES compl)
(DEAFNESS etiol)

BYSTRZANOWSKA, Teofila; KUS, Jan; OSUCH, Tadeusz; WOJNAROWSKA, Wanda

Examination of the organs of hearing and equilibrium in acute bacillary dysentery. Przegl.epidem. 14 no.3:367-371 '60.

1. Z II Kliniki Chorob Zakaznych A.M. w Warszawie. Kier.: prof. dr med. B.Kassur. Z Kliniki Laryngologicznej A.M. w Warszawie. Kier.: prof. dr med. J.Szymanski. Z Zakladu Laryngologii S.D.L. w Warszawie, Kier.: doc. dr med. T.Bystrzanowska
(DYSENTERY BACILLARY physiol)
(HEARING TESTS)

BYSTRZANOWSKA, Teofila; POPLAWSKI, Bohdan

Neurilemmoma of the larynx. Polski tygod. lek. 16 no.19:722-724
8 My '61.

1. Z Kliniki Laryngologicznej A.M. w Warszawie; kierownik: prof. dr
med. J. Szymanski.

(NEURILEMMOMA case report) (LARYNX neopl)

BYSTRZANOWSKA, Teofila; DOMANSKI, Remigiusz; STEC, Ryszard

A modified audiometer for children. Otolaryng. pol. 16 no.4:589-594
'62.

1. Z I Kliniki Laryngologii Studium Doskonalenia Lekarzy w AM w Warszawie
Kierownik: doc. dr med. T. Bystrzanowska.
(AUDIOMETRY)

KOBUSZEWSKA-FARYNA Maria; BYSTRZANOWSKA, Teofila

Bilateral Warthin's tumor (cystadenolymphoma papilliferum bilaterale).
Nowotwory 14, no.2:181-186 '64.

z Zakładu Anatomii Patologicznej, Studium Dokształcania Lekarzy
z Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie (Kierownik: doc. dr. med. M. Kobu-
szewska-Faryna) oraz z I Kliniki Laryngologii Studium Dokształcania
Lekarzy w Warszawie (Kierownik: prof. dr. med. T. Bystrzanowska).

BYSTRZANOWSKA, Teofila

Some observations on Barre-Lieou syndrome. Otolaryng. Pol. 18
no.1:89-93 '64.

1. Z I Kliniki Laryngologii Studium Doksztalcania Lekarzy
w Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie (Kierownik: doc. dr med.
T. Bystrzanowska).

BYSTRZANOWSKA, Teofila; OSUCH, Tadeusz; POPLAWSKI, Bogdan; WOJNAROWSKA,
Wanda

Further studies on the effect of bacillary dysentery on the organ of hearing. Otolaryng. Pol. 18 no.1:83-88 '64.

1. Z II Kliniki Chorob Zakaznych Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie (Kierownik: prof. dr med. B. Kassur) i z I Kliniki Laryngologii Studium Deksztalcania Lekarzy w Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie (Kierownik: prof. dr med. T. Bystrzanowska).

BYSTRZEJEWSKI, W.

Sagging of telecommunication cables.

p. 149 (Przegląd Kolejowy Elektrotechniczny. Vol. 8, no. 5, May 1956. Warszawa, Poland)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 2,
February 1958

BYSTRZEJEWSKI, W.

Long-distance cables on Czechoslovak railroads. p. 205.

PRZEGLAD KOLEJOWY ELEKTROTECHNICZNY. (Wydawnictwa Komunikacyjne) Warszawa, Poland, Vol. 11, no. 7, July 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 9, no. 1, Jan. 1960.

Uncl.

BYSYY, M.K.; DAVIDENKO, I.M.

Successive inhibition from the effect of a secondary inhibitory stimulus. Zh. vyssh. nerv. deiat. Pavlov 13 no.3:495-500 '63.

(MIRA 17:9)

1. Fiziologicheskaya laboratoriya Cherkasskogo pedagogicheskogo instituta.

(REFLEX, CONDITIONED)

BYSZEWSKI, S. (Engr.).:

Chłodnictwo w Obrocie i Przetworstwie Rybnym. (Refrigeration in the Working & Processing of Fish)., Warsaw, 1951, 76 pages.

BYSZEWSKI, W. (Engr.)

Chlodnictwo (Refrigeration). Section XV, Kalendarz Techniczny Przemyslu Spozywczego, Warsaw, 1949, pp 1607-1746.

1ST AND 2ND ORDERS										3RD AND 4TH ORDERS									
PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX																			
BYSZEWSKI, W										B-31									
BC																			
(Foliar (sweet) leaf). W. Byrszewski (Ann. Univ. M. Curie-Skłodowska, 1950, S. 2, 143-154). A relation was apparent between the alkaloid content of leaves and grains or between the number of bitter grains in a sample and the average content of alkaloids in dry matter. Methods of assessing the alkaloid contents of seeds and leaves are discussed. Correlations are established between the yield of a single plant and (a) no. of grains, (b) no. of pods, (c) no. of grains per pod, and (d) wt. per 1000 grains. The wt. of nodules on the roots is highly correlated with the yield of grain, yield of the green matter, and the wt. of roots. The content of alkaloids increases from roots to flowers. No alkaloids occur in seeds or in seed coats. The alkaloid content of grain increases and that of pods decreases with advancing age. In the grain alkaloids are located some distance from the coat. K and N fertilizers decrease the alkaloids in the plants. The alkaloid content of individual varieties differs on different soils. S. M. RYBICKA.																			
ASB-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION																			
1ST AND 2ND ORDERS										3RD AND 4TH ORDERS									
1ST AND 2ND ORDERS										3RD AND 4TH ORDERS									

BY ZIMOSKI, M.

"Exploitation and Conservation of Machines and Equipment in Establishments of the Meat Industry", p. 373, (GOSPODARSTWA MIENSKI, Vol. 6, No. 12, Dec. 1954, Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), IC, Vol. 4, No. 5, May 1955, Uncl.

BYDZIECH, M.

"Exploitation and Conservation of Machinery in Plants of the Meat Industry; Refrigeration", p. 28, (GOSPODARSTWA WIESSA, Vol. 7, No. 1, Jan. 1955, Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 5, May 1955, Uncl.

BYSZEWSKI, W.; MELINSKI, Z.

Thermal insulation in refrigeration. p.8.

(BUDOWNICTWO PRZEMISLOWE. Vol. 6, No. 6, June 1957. Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) 1C. Vol. 6, No. 10, October 1957. Uncl.

BYSZewski, w.

TECHNOLOGY

Periodicals: GAZETA CUKROWNICZA. Vol. 60, no. 10, Oct. 1958

BYS_ZEWSKI, W. The growing of sugar beets. p. 317.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) IC, Vol. 8, No. 2,
February 1959, Unclass.

BYSZEWSKI, Wacław, mgr.inż.

One-level cold stores. Przegl techn no.47:9,10 23 N '60.

BYSZEWSKI, Wacław

The need and production of refrigerating machinery and equipment
in Poland. Przegl techn no.41:10 12 0 '60.

BYSZEWSKI, Wacław, mgr., inż.

Cooling equipment industry in Hungary. Prægl techn no.52:8 D '61.

1. Komitet do Spraw Techniki, Warszawa.

BYSZEWSKI, Wacław, mgr.inż.

Development of cooling and refrigeration in the retail food
trade. Przegl techn no.20:9 20 Mj '62.

BYSZEWSKI, Wacław, mgr inż.

Cold stores built on the surface level. Przegl techn no.46:5,7
18 N '62.

BYSZEWSKI, Wacław, mgr inż.

"Selected calculation problems in the field of cooling" by
engineer K.Gutkowski. Reviewed by Wacław Byszewski. Przegl
techn no.43:8 28 0 '62.

(Gutkowski, k.)

BYSZEWSKI, Wacław, mgr inż.

Cooling terminology. Przegl techn 84 no.20:8 19 My '63.

BYSZEWSKI, Wacław, mgr inż.

Refrigerating and freezing of food. Przegl techn [84] no.9:
9-10 3 Mr '63.

BYSZEWSKI, Wacław, mgr inż.

Eleventh International Congress of Refrigeration. Przegl techn 84
no.49:8 8 D '63.

BYSZEWSKI, Wacław, mgr inż.

Role of the cooling and refrigerating industry in technological progress. Przegl techn 85 no.7: 7,8 16 F'64.

27312

P/046/60/005/011/001/018
D249/D303

26.2244

AUTHORS: Labno, Leszek, Dąbek, Wacław, and Byszewski, Witold

TITLE: Neutron sensitive boron-coated thermopile

PERIODICAL: Nukleonika, v. 5, no. 11, 1960, 685 - 688

TEXT: A description is given of a simple neutron flux detector developed in the Institute of Nuclear Research, of small dimensions, which consist of a thermopile with the alternate thermoelements coated with B. The detector is insensitive to γ -radiation or changes in the ambient temperature and operates by measuring the heat produced by neutron absorption in the B coating. The thermopile is constructed of 36 chromel-copper thermoelements, spaced at 20 mm intervals, made of 1 mm wide and 0.02 mm thick strips and welded together under an inert atmosphere with the alternate junctions covered by 1 mm beads of B. The elements are supported on a ceramic base, the junctions being situated coaxially in 3 planes perpendicular to the axis of the thermopile, with equal nos. of coated and

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bare junctions in each plane. The whole assembly is placed in an Al sheath. Only the changes in ambient temperature which occur over ~ 10 seconds will affect the instrument, since the decay of the output thermoelectric power has been found to have a time constant of 8 secs. Response of the thermopile varies linearly with the power level of the reactor, (1×10^{11} mV/n. cm² sec), up to ~ 200 kW which corresponds to 10^{12} n/cm² sec. Sensitivity diminishes, thereafter, owing to the heating of uncoated junctions becoming, for example, 0.9×10^{-11} mV/n cm² at 2 MW ($\sim 10^{13}$ n/cm² sec). To test the instruments, neutron flux distribution in the 36/14 channel of the WWR-S reactor was measured by an absolute method using P and compared with the results given by the thermopile detector. Good agreement was obtained and the slight discrepancy is ascribed to the non-linearity of the thermopile. There are 3 figures and 4 references: 1 Soviet-bloc and 3 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to the English-language publications read as follows: G. Barbares, et al.: AECD - 2485; 1949, and AECD - 2975, 1950; T.R. Herold, Nucleoniks 13. no. 5, 64, 1955; T.A. Jaques, H.A. Ballinger, F. Wade,

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Proc. IEE, 100, 110, 1953.

ASSOCIATION: Institute of Nuclear Research, Warsaw

SUBMITTED: July 1960

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26.2223

AUTHORS: Byszewski, Witold, Aleksandrowicz, Jerzy, and
Zabno, Leszek

TITLE: Temperature measurements of the WWR-S reactor fuel
element wall

PERIODICAL: Nukleonika, v. 5, no. 11, 1960, 727 - 736

TEXT: A method of temperature measurement was developed using
chromel-alumel thermocouples attached to the can of a fuel element. ✓
The temperature distribution along the fuel element were measured
for a range of output power levels. The authors' aim was to inves-
tigate the possibility of increasing the power output of the reac-
tor. The rather small dimensions of the fuel rod (10 mm diameter,
2 mm wall thickness) and a large temperature difference between
the rod and the water added difficulty to setting up the measure-
ments. Six symmetrical slots, 0.5 mm deep and 0.8 mm wide, were
machined on the outside of the jacket to different lengths in order

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to accomodate the thermocouples. The thermocouples were placed in thin aluminum tubes and pressed into the slots. It was essential to achieve a good thermal contact between the joints of the thermocouples and the aluminum jacket, and for this purpose a special method of soldering was developed, but it was discovered later that fastening with a thin aluminum wire proved more satisfactory. The performance of the arrangement was first tested on a dummy rod with heater placed inside the tube. Two series of measurements were performed inserting the modified fuel element with the attached thermocouples into two different channels of the reactor. The power output of the reactor varied from 0 to 2 kW and the temperatures registered by the six thermocouples were noted, as well as the water temperatures of the external cooling circuit. The measurements were performed at two rates of flow of the cooling water: 960 and 660 m³/hour. It was shown that the temperature difference between the wall of the fuel element and the water is proportional to the power output of the reactor at a constant flow of water; a maximum value observed was 27.4°C, in disagreement with the calcu-

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lated value of 50°C as supplied by the designers of the reactor. It is stated that in winter conditions the temperature of the jacket of the fuel element is well below the boiling point of water, but in hot weather there is not much room for increasing the output of the reactor. There are 10 figures and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Instytut badań jądrowych, Warszawa, Oddział eksploatacji reaktora (Institute of Nuclear Research, Warsaw, Reactor Operation Division)

SUBMITTED: July, 1960

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BYSTRZEJEWSKI, Witold, inz.

Securing proper operation of the railway communication installations
in winter conditions. Przegl kolej elektrotech 10 [i.e. 15]
no.10:283-287 O '63.

KORZHOVA, R.V.; BYTCHENKO, D.A., dotsent, zaveduyushchiy.

Unusual case of multiple otogenous abscesses of the brain. Vest.oto-rin. 15
no.4:78-79 J1-Ag '53. (MLRA 6:9)

1. Klinika bolezney ukha, gorla i nosa Chernovitskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(Brain--Abscess)

KAZANTSEVA, K.S.; BYTCHENKO, D.A., dotsent, zaveduyushchiy.

Subcutaneous emphysema of the neck following tonsillectomy. Vest.oto-rin. 15
no.4:83 J1-Ag '53. (MIRA 6:9)

1. Oto-laringologicheskoye otdeleniye Chernovitskoy oblastnoy klinicheskoy
bol'nitsy. (Tonsils--Surgery) (Neck--Diseases)

BYTCHENKO, D.A.

~~SECRET~~

Krause's free plastic surgery of the hypopharynx. Vest. oto-rin.

17 no.5:78-79 3-0 '55.

(MIRA-9:2)

1. Iz kliniki bolezney ukha, gorla, i nosa Chervovitskogo
meditsinskogo instituta.

(PHARYNX, surgery

plastic surg. of hypopharynx)

BYTCHENKO, D.A.; KORZHOVA, R.V.

Arterial pressure and pulse in otolaryngological surgery. Vest.
oto-rin. 17 no.6:33-37 N-D '55. (MLRA 9:2)

1. Iz kafedry bolezney ukha, gorla, i nosa (zav.--dotsent D.A. Bytchenko)
Chernovitskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(BLOOD PRESSURE,
in otorhinolaryngol. surg.)

(PULSE,
in otorhinolaryngol. surg)

(SURGERY, OPERATIVE, blood in,
pressure & pulse in otorhinolaryngol. surg)

BYTCHENKO, D.A., dotsent

Surgical tactics in otogenic abscesses of the brain [with summary
in English] Vest. oto-rin. 19 no.1:78-81 Ja-F '57 (MLRA 10:4)

1. Iz kafedry bolezney ukha, gorla i nosa Chernovitskogo meditsinskogo
instituta.

(BRAIN, abscess
otogenic, surg) (Rus)

~~BYTCHENKO~~, D.A., dotsent

Clinical treatment of burns of the esophagus complicated by pyloric stenosis. Vrach, delo no.5:539-541 My '57. (MLRA 10:8)

1. Kafedra ukha, gorla i nosa (zav. - dots. D.A.Bytchenko)
Chernovitskogo meditsinskogo instituta
(ESOPHAGUS--WOUNDS AND INJURIES)
(PYLORUS--DISEASES) (BURNS AND SCALDS)

BYTCHENKO, D.A., dotsent

Pyosinus. Zhur. ush., nos. i gorl. bol. 20 no.4:26-28 J1-Ag '60.
(MIRA 14:6)

1. Otorinolaringologicheskaya kafedra Chernovitskogo meditsinskogo
instituta.

(NOSE, ACCESSORY SINUSES OF--DISEASES)

BYTCHENKO, D.A., dotsent

Using nylon thread as suture material in otorhinolaryngology.
Zhur. ush., nos. i gorl. bol. 20 no.6:85 N-D '60. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Otorinolaringologicheskaya klinika Chernovitskogo meditsinskogo
instituta.

(SUTURES)

BYTCHENKO, D.A., dotsent; GUREVICH, Ye.L.

Chaul therapy for scleroma of the vestibule of the nose. ~~Test.~~
otorin. 22 no.6:87-88 '60. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Iz otorinolaringologicheskoy kafedry (zav. - dotsent D.A.
Bytchenko) Chernovitskogo meditsinskogo instituta i rentgenov-
skogo kabineta (zav. - Ye.L. Gurevich) oblastnoy klinicheskoy
bol'nitsy.

(RHINOSCLEROMA)

(X RAYS—THERAPEUTIC USE)

EYTOHENKO, Dmitriy Alekseyevich (Chernovtsy State Med Inst) for Doc Med Sci on the basis of ~~disertation~~ dissertation defended 24 Sep 59 in Council of Kiev Order of Labor Red Banner Med Inst im Academician Bogomolets, entitled "Treatment of scleroma patients with PASK [paraaminosalicylic acid] and X-ray irradiation of the ^{disertation} ~~inter-brain~~ region (clinical experimental study)." (BMV1880 USSR, 1-61, 20)

BYTCHENKO, D.A.

Blocking anesthesia in tonsillectomy. Zdravookhranenie 4 no. 2:51-52
My-Ap '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Iz kafedry bolezney ukha, gorla i nosa (zav. - doktor med.nauk
D.A. Bytchenko) Kishinevskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(TONSILS—SURGERY) (LOCAL ANESTHESIA)

BYTCHENKO, D.A., doktor med.nauk

Rare benign tumors of the larynx and esophagus. Zhur. ush., nos.
i gorl. bol. 21 no.2:71-72 Mr-Ap '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Kafedra bolezney ukha, gorla i nosa Chernovitskogo meditsinskogo
instituta.

(ESOPHAGUS--TUMORS)

(LARYNX--TUMORS)

BYTCHENKO, D.A.

Action of PAS on the vessels and arterial pressure in an
experiment. Farmakol. toksik. 26 no.3:306-309 My-Je'63
(17-8-2).

1. Kafedra otorinolaringologii (zav. - prof. D.A.Bytchenko)
Kishinevskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

KARASHUROV, Ye.S., kand. med. nauk; TOSHINSKIY, I.I., zasluzhennyy
vrach RSFSR; PUTYATIN, V.M., kand. med. nauk; SKIBA, V.M.;
BYTDAYEV, Kh.I., student.

Echinococcosis of the lungs. Uch. zap. Stavr. gos. med. inst.
8:49-82 '63 (MIRA 17:7)

1. Kafedra obshchey khirurgii (zav. - prof. Yu.S. Gilevich)
kafedra gospital'noy khirurgii (zav. - prof. P.M. Kovalevskiy)
Stavropol'skogo meditsinskogo instituta (rektor-zasluzhennyy
deyatel' nauki, prof. V.G. Budylin), khirurgicheskoye otdele-
niye Stavropol'skoy krayevoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy
vrach Yu.P. Zotov) i khirurgicheskoye otdeleniye (zav. -
zasluzhennyy vrach RSFSR I.I.Toshinskiy) Pyatigorskoy gorbol'-
nitsy (glavnyy vrach A.S. Partigulov).

BYTENIN, N.V.		15-2-233																																																																																																					
The Theory of Forced Oscillations in a Nonlinear Mechanical System With Two Degrees of Freedom (original text in Russian).																																																																																																							
N. V. Bytenin; <i>App. Math. & Mech. (USSR)</i> July-Aug '69 (12-4)																																																																																																							
SI-Mathdy: pp 337-348; 6 illus, 1 tb, 47 eq.																																																																																																							
Studies were conducted to determine the characteristics of a mechanical system with two degrees of freedom, close to the linear conservative, under the effect of an external sinusoidal force. It is assumed that the frequency of the external force is far from both normal frequencies, a fact which is characteristic in a linear conservative system. For a concrete example the author has used a gyroscopic stabilizer as the mechanical system for the investigation. The results show that the character of stable conditions of motion, during the action of external sinusoidal forces on mechanical auto-oscillation systems with two degrees of freedom, depends largely upon the value of the amplitude of the sinusoidal force. The mechanical system used in the investigation was unstable																																																																																																							
ASD-5LA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION																																																																																																							
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td><td>11</td><td>12</td><td>13</td><td>14</td><td>15</td><td>16</td><td>17</td><td>18</td><td>19</td><td>20</td><td>21</td><td>22</td><td>23</td><td>24</td><td>25</td><td>26</td><td>27</td><td>28</td><td>29</td><td>30</td><td>31</td><td>32</td><td>33</td><td>34</td><td>35</td><td>36</td><td>37</td><td>38</td><td>39</td><td>40</td><td>41</td><td>42</td><td>43</td><td>44</td><td>45</td><td>46</td><td>47</td><td>48</td><td>49</td><td>50</td><td>51</td><td>52</td><td>53</td><td>54</td><td>55</td><td>56</td><td>57</td><td>58</td><td>59</td><td>60</td><td>61</td><td>62</td><td>63</td><td>64</td><td>65</td><td>66</td><td>67</td><td>68</td><td>69</td><td>70</td><td>71</td><td>72</td><td>73</td><td>74</td><td>75</td><td>76</td><td>77</td><td>78</td><td>79</td><td>80</td><td>81</td><td>82</td><td>83</td><td>84</td><td>85</td><td>86</td><td>87</td><td>88</td><td>89</td><td>90</td><td>91</td><td>92</td><td>93</td><td>94</td><td>95</td><td>96</td><td>97</td><td>98</td><td>99</td><td>100</td> </tr> </table>				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
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during the absence of a servomoment, which causes the auto-oscillations of the system. Such systems can adopt stable triharmonic, biharmonic, and periodic motions, depending upon the value of the amplitude of the external force and the importance of the parameters of the system. After the amplitude of the external force attains a specific value the system becomes unstable. It should be noticed that mechanical auto-oscillation systems, which are stable during the absence of the servomoment can, during the change of the amplitude of the external force, adopt only stable biharmonic and periodic motions. The increased value of the amplitude of the external force does not cause any loss to the stability of the mechanical system.

BALANDIN, Yuriy Fedorovich; MARKOV, Vadim Georgiyevich; BRUK, B.I.,
kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; BYTENSKIY, I.A., nauchnyy
red.; NIKITINA, R.D., red.; SHISHKOVA, L.M., tekhn. red.

[Structural materials for power plants with liquid metal
heat exchangers] Konstruktsionnye materialy dlia ustanovok s
zhidkometallichesкими teplonositeliami. Leningrad, Gos.
soiuznoe izd-vo sudostroita. promyshl., 1961. 205 p.

(MIRA 15:3)

(Corrosion resistant materials)
(Heat exchangers) (Liquid metals)

ACCESSION NR: AT4007033

S/2598/63/000/010/0116/0130

AUTHOR: Glikman, L.A.; Deryabina, V.I.; Kolgatin, N.N.; Bytenskiy, I.A.;
Teodorovich, V.P.; Teplov, N.S.

TITLE: Effect of gas-saturated layer on the strength and ductility characteristics of titanium alloys

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Institut metallurgii. Titan i yego splavy*, no. 10, 1963.
Issledovaniya titanovy*kh splavov, 116-130

TOPIC TAGS: titanium alloy strength, titanium alloy ductility, VT-14 titanium alloy, VT-3-1 titanium alloy, VT-8 titanium alloy, gas saturated layer, titanium alloy

ABSTRACT: Contamination of titanium by air and its effect on strength and ductility was investigated following exposure of five alloys: VT-14 (Ti-Al-Mo-V), VT-3-1 (Ti-Al-Mo-Cr), VT-8 (Ti-Al-Mo) and Experimental Alloy No. 1 (4.95 Al, 2.18 V, 3.50 Sn, balance Ti), at 800-1100C for 0.5 to 4 hours. Microscopic examination showed that in air, above an O_2 concentration of 5%, oxygen diffuses into Ti and a superficial alpha-Ti phase forms which is characterized by increased hardness and reduced ductility. The strength of the specimens, however, was

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markedly reduced. Thus, at 1100C, yield point and strength decreased 40-60%, notch toughness decreased 70-80%, and ductility dropped to zero in about 4 hours. At 800C, on the other hand, there was little change. All alloy specimens investigated exhibited high notch sensitivity in both static and dynamic tests, especially those saturated at 800C. The original mechanical properties could be restored by removal of the gas-contaminated surfaces. Orig. art. has: 7 tables and 7 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Institut metallurgii AN SSSR (Metallurgical Institute AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 00

DATE ACQ: 27Dec63.

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MM

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 001

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SHEVANDIN, Yevgeniy Mikhaylovich [deceased]; RAZOV, Igor'
Aleksandrovich; BYTENSKIY, I.A., kand. tekhn. nauk
nauchn. red.; NEBYLOV, V.M., kand. tekhn. nauk,
retsenzent; YEROMITSKAYA, Ye.Ye., red.

[Cold brittleness and plasticity limit of metals in ship-
building] Khladnolomkost' i predel'naia plastichnost' me-
tallov v sudostroenii. Leningrad, Sudostroenie, 1965.
335 p.
(MIRA 19:1)

BUR'YAN, Yu.L.; BYTENSKIY, M.G.; DOLGOPOLOV, N.N.; EPSHTEYN, G.M.; YERMAN, B.I.

Gelatin extraction. Patent U.S.S.R. 77,271, Dec.31, 1949.
(CA 47 no.19:10262 '53)

ROYZEN, I.S.; POZAMANTIR, A.G.; MEDVEDEVA, V.S.; BYTENSKIY, V.Ya.; STEPANOVA,
N.A.; SAPOZHKOVA, R.A.

Investigating the danger of the explosion of acetylating mixtures.
Bezop. truda v prom. 8 no.10:45-47 0 '64. (MIRA 17:11)

BYTEV, A.A.

Two methods for determining the index of refraction of glass. Fiz.v
shkole 17 no.2:66-67 Mr-Apr '57. (MIRA 10:3)

1. Institut usovershenstvovaniya uchiteley, Brest.
(Refraction--Study and teaching)

DITMAR, A.B., otv.red.; BOGACHEV, V.K., red.; BYTEV, O.N., red.;
IVANOV, A.N., red.; KULEMIN, A.A., red.; YAKOVLEV, K.P.,
red.; PUKHOVTSEVA, A.N., red.; KOZHEMYAKINA, V.P., tekhn.red.

[Nature and economy of Yaroslavl Province] Priroda i kho-
ziaistvo IAroslavskoi oblasti. IAroslavl', Iaroslavskoe
knizhnoe izd-vo. Pt.1. [Nature] Priroda. 1959. 381 p.
(MIRA 13:3)

1. Yaroslavl'. Gosudarstvennyy pedagogicheskiy institut.
(Yaroslavl Province--Geography)

KACHENSKIY, Anatoliy Mikheylovich; BYTEV, Aleksandr Alekseyevich;
KIMBAR, Bronislav Antonovich; GORYANINA, L.E., ed.

[Collection of problems to prepare for physics olympiads]
Sbornik podgotovitel'nykh zadach k olimpiadam po fizike.
Minsk, Narodnaya osveta, 1964. 136 p. (MIRA 18:1)

BYTEVA, I.M.

Effect of the pH on the shape of ammonium dihydrophosphate
crystals. Rost krist. 4:22-26 '64.
(MIRA 17:8)

S/564/61/003/000/007/029
D228/D304

AUTHOR: Byteva, I. M.

TITLE: Influence of the environmental pH and rotational speed of the crystal-carrier on the growth of ammonium dihydrophosphate crystals

SOURCE: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut kristallografii. Rost kristallov, v. 3, 1961, 296-299

TEXT: The author studied the growth of ammonium dihydrophosphate crystals from solutions with a pH of 0.5 - 6.3, the crystal-carrier being rotated at a speed of 150 - 3500 rev/min. According to A. A. Shternberg et al (Ref. 2: Avtorskoye svidetel'stvo no. 101179 of December 2, 1952), these crystals, which Shubkin [Abstracter's note: No reference given] assigns to the scalenohedral class of the tetragonal system, tend to become elongated along the z-axis during their growth from pure solutions. The necessary adjustments to the pH, measured by a glass-electrode potentiometer, were made by adding H_3PO_4 and NH_4OH . Below a pH of

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3.5--when the solution is saturated--the ratio of the dimensions of z-, x- and y-axes is about 3. At small rotational speeds there is no sign of tapering, but this becomes very apparent at 1200 rev/min. when the prism faces completely disappear, as has also been noted by N. N. Shafal' (Ref. 4: Sb. Rost kristallov, v. 1, Izd. AN SSSR, 1957); the angle of tapering grows to 9° and more with subsequent increases in the rate of rotation. Other features observed at high rotational speeds include the tapering of subsidiary parasitic growths, the splitting of the central part of the crystal, and the formation of step-like accretions on tapered surfaces. Above a pH of 3.5, crystals rotated at 150 - 250 rev/min. grow more isometrically and withstand supersaturation more easily than is the case in a less alkaline environment. Raising the pH and speed of rotation also increases the growth-rate ratio of the pyramid and prism faces: at a pH of 6 and 3500 rev/min., the relative growth-rate of prism faces becomes so high that they disappear almost entirely. The author concludes that the influence of large rotational speeds on the growth of a crystal is related to its inability to pick up sufficient nutritious material from the solution, especially in those parts with a

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great linear velocity. Acknowledgement is made to N. N. Sheftal' for his supervision of this work. There are 7 figures, 2 tables and 5 references: 3 Soviet-bloc and 2 non-Soviet-bloc.

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